

ADAM10 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91235

Specification

ADAM10 Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Clonality Other Names CDw156; CD156c; ADAM10; KUZ; MADM;	WB, IP <u>014672</u> Rat Monoclonal
lsotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	84142 Da

ADAM10 Antibody - Additional Information

Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IP~~N/A
Purification Immunogen	Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human ADAM10
Description	The ADAM10 prodomain acts as a chaperone that stabilizes mature ADAM protein folding, and prevents target-protein shedding through inhibition of ADAM10 proteinase activity. Mature ADAM10 is the major α-secretase responsible for cleavage of Notch, APP, cadherins, and prion protein. The ADAM10 protein cleaves receptor tyrosine kinases and their associated ligands and displays a wide range of regulatory functions across related signaling pathways.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

ADAM10 Antibody - Protein Information

Name ADAM10 (HGNC:188)

Synonyms KUZ, MADM

Function



Transmembrane metalloprotease which mediates the ectodomain shedding of a myriad of transmembrane proteins, including adhesion proteins, growth factor precursors and cytokines being essential for development and tissue homeostasis (PubMed:11786905, PubMed:12475894, PubMed:20592283, PubMed:24990881, PubMed:26686862, PubMed:26686862, PubMed:28600292, PubMed:28600292, PubMed:31792032, PubMed:31792032, PubMed:26686862, PubMed:28600292, PubMed:31792032, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:37516108, PubMed:37516108, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:37516108, PubMed:37516108, PubMed:37516108, PubMed:37516108, PubMed:176-Ala-]-Val-77

Responsible for the proteolytical release of soluble JAM3 from endothelial cells surface (PubMed:20592283). Responsible for the proteolytic release of several other cell-surface proteins, including heparin-binding epidermal growth-like factor, ephrin-A2, CD44, CDH2 and for constitutive and regulated alpha-secretase cleavage of amyloid precursor protein (APP) (PubMed:11786905, PubMed:26686862, PubMed:29224781, PubMed:34739841, PubMed:34739841). Contributes to the normal cleavage of the cellular prion protein (PubMed:<a

 $\label{eq:http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11477090" target="_blank">11477090). Involved in the cleavage of the adhesion molecule L1 at the cell surface and in released membrane vesicles, suggesting a vesicle-based protease activity (PubMed:<a$

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12475894" target="_blank">12475894). Also controls the proteolytic processing of Notch and mediates lateral inhibition during neurogenesis (By similarity). Responsible for the FasL ectodomain shedding and for the generation of the remnant ADAM10-processed FasL (FasL APL) transmembrane form (PubMed:17557115). Also cleaves the ectodomain of the integral membrane proteins CORIN and ITM2B (PubMed:19114711, PubMed:21288900). Mediates the proteolytic cleavage of LAG3, leading to release the secreted form of LAG3 (By similarity). Mediates the proteolytic cleavage of IL6R and IL11RA, leading to the release of secreted forms of IL6R and IL11RA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26876177"

target="_blank">26876177). Enhances the cleavage of CHL1 by BACE1 (By similarity). Cleaves NRCAM (By similarity). Cleaves TREM2, resulting in shedding of the TREM2 ectodomain (PubMed:24990881). Involved in the development and maturation of glomerular and coronary vasculature (By similarity). During development of the cochlear organ of Corti, promotes pillar cell separation by forming a ternary complex with CADH1 and EPHA4 and cleaving CADH1 at adherens junctions (By similarity). May regulate the EFNA5-EPHA3 signaling (PubMed:16239146). Regulates leukocyte transmigration as a sheddase for the adherens junction protein VE- cadherin/CDH5 in endothelial cells (PubMed:28600292).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle. Cell projection, axon



{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35598}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35598}. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cytoplasm Note=Is localized in the plasma membrane but is also expressed in the Golgi apparatus and in clathrin-coated vesicles derived likely from the Golgi (PubMed:12475894). During long term depression, it is recruited to the cell membrane by DLG1 (PubMed:23676497). The immature form is mainly located near cytoplasmic fibrillar structures, while the mature form is predominantly located at zonula adherens and the cell membrane (PubMed:30463011). The localization and clustering of mature ADAM10 to zonula adherens is regulated by AFDN, TSPAN33, PLEKHA7 and PDZD11 (PubMed:30463011).

Tissue Location

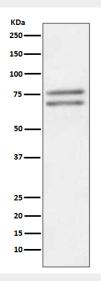
Expressed in the brain (at protein level) (PubMed:23676497). Expressed in spleen, lymph node, thymus, peripheral blood leukocyte, bone marrow, cartilage, chondrocytes and fetal liver (PubMed:11511685, PubMed:9016778).

ADAM10 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

ADAM10 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of ADAM10 expression in Jurkat cell lysate.